Knowledge



- 1. 24dm³
- 2. Concentration = mass/volume
- 3. Mass = Mr x moles
- 4. The percentage of reactants forming useful products
- 5. How much product you get from a reaction
- 6. How much product you should get from a reaction
- 7.
- 8. Divide by 1000

Application

1. Atom economy = <u>RFM of desired products</u> x 100 RFM of all reactants

- 2a) 56%
- 2b) 49%
- 2c) 90%
- 3a) 84dm³
- 3b) 48dm³
- 3c) 2.4 dm³
- 3d) 0.024dm³

- 4. $2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$
- 4.68g of NaCl = 4.68/58.5 = 0.08 moles

You would need half as many moles of Cl₂ so 0.04 moles

 $0.04 \times 24 = 0.96 dm^3$

5. The reaction may be reversible, some product may be lost during separation, the reaction may not complete.



6b) 79/100 x 11 = 8.7g 7a) 159.5g 7b) 1000cm³ or 1dm³ 7c) 20/1000 x 159.5 = <u>3.19g</u>